***Wednesday – Week 2 – Reading, Comprehension and Writing – Informative Text Structure***

Read the informative text, *Where Does Water Come From?*

As you are reading, identify the informative structure of the text, including:

* the **title**
* the **introduction**
* the **description**
* the **conclusion**.

You can show your understanding by highlighting, circling, or underlining the different elements to the informative text structure.

**Where Does Water Come From?**

Water is all around us. It flows in a continuous movement around the land, oceans, rivers and atmosphere. This natural phenomena is often referred to as ‘the water cycle’.

When the sun shines on bodies of water (such as lakes, rivers and the ocean), tiny droplets of water begin to evaporate. This means that the liquid water turns into a gas called ‘water vapour’. The water vapour then rises into the air.

Up in the atmosphere, the water vapour becomes cooler and turns back into tiny water droplets called ‘condensation’. The water droplets join together with the dust particles in the atmosphere to form clouds.

Once the clouds become heavy and full, it will start to rain. This is called ‘precipitation’. When rain falls onto the earth, it will eventually collect in waterways such as lakes, rivers and oceans. The process can then begin all over again.

No animal or plant can survive without water. For this reason, the water cycle is one of the most vital natural processes on our planet.