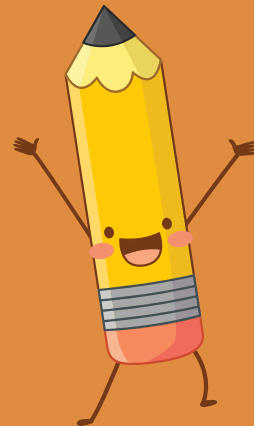


Grammatical Terms and Word Classes

Wednesday – Week 3



We are learning to:

- Understand that choices in grammar and vocabulary contribute to the effectiveness of texts.
- Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features.
- Understand and apply knowledge of vocabulary.

Parsing

The word parsing comes from the Latin word *pars* meaning 'part'.

Parsing helps us to use words correctly by understanding the function of each part of speech.

It is not often that we need to parse a whole sentence. But, it helps to improve our writing!

This is why it is very important to learn and understand each particular word we use and how it works.





Let's revise.

What is a preposition?

A preposition is a word or phrase used to describe a **position**, **time** or **movement**. Prepositions usually sit before nouns (or pronouns) to show their relationship to another word in the sentence, such as:

I will travel to Spain **on** an aeroplane.

At six o'clock, I always watch my favourite television programme.

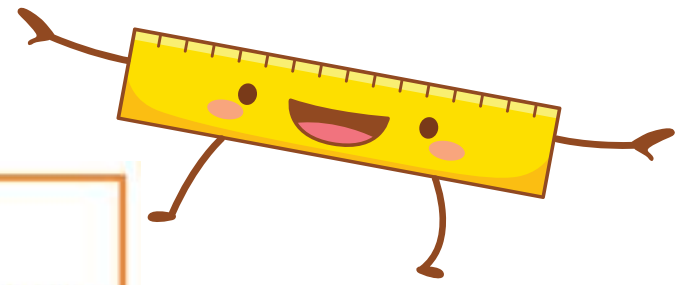
Amira swam **through** the clear, blue water.

The words **when**, **as**, **after**, **until**, **before** and **since** can be used as prepositions or as subordinating conjunctions in sentences.

If they are being used to explain the **position** of something, they are being used as a **preposition**.

If they are introducing a clause (a group of words including a verb), they are being used as a subordinating conjunction.

Let's revise.



What is a determiner?

A determiner is a word that goes before a noun or noun phrase and identifies the noun in further detail. There are different types of determiners:

articles	a girl, an elephant, the dog
demonstratives	this hat, that bus, these shoes, those boys
possessives	his book, her hair, my coat, their car
quantifiers	some water, each person, three pencils
interrogatives	which house, what letter, whose tablet

It's also easy to get confused by words that sometimes act as determiners and sometimes as pronouns within a sentence. Just think carefully about what job that word is doing within the sentence and where it is within the sentence. For example:

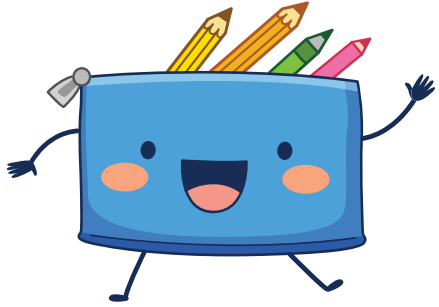
That hat is mine.

determiner

Give me **that** back.

pronoun

Let's revise.

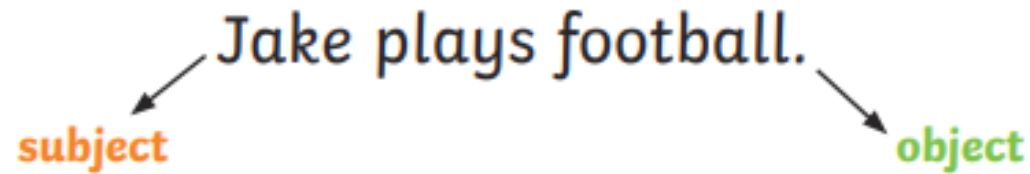


What is the subject of a sentence?

The **subject** is the person, noun phrase, pronoun or thing which **does the verb** in a clause.

What is the object of a sentence?

The **object** is the person, noun phrase, pronoun or thing which usually comes directly after the verb; it shows **what the verb is acting on**.



Sentences can be written in the **active voice** or **passive voice**.

In **active voice**, the **subject** performs the **action** (the verb) to the **object**.

Jake plays football.

In **passive voice**, the **subject** receives the **action** (the verb) often with the word 'by' to indicate this, such as:

Football is played by Jake.

Now it's your turn!

- Complete online or on paper.
- Remember:
 - Read each instruction carefully.
 - Look back over the *Let's Revise* slides to help, if needed.
 - The following work has questions relating to prepositions, determiners and sentences: subject, object and voice.
 - Check your work when you finish.

Prepositions

Tick **all** the sentences that contain a **preposition**.

I like to jump on my trampoline. ☐

Before you go to bed, make sure you brush your teeth. ☐

My reading book must be under my bed. ☐

At 8 o'clock, we always eat breakfast. ☐

Circle the four **prepositions** in the sentence below.

In a hot air balloon, you can float across the sky, between mountains and over forests.

Underline the two **prepositions** in this sentence.

After Easter, I will visit my aunt who lives in London.

Prepositions

Circle the best preposition in each box below to complete the passage.

Sophie took her dog

in
for
beside

 a walk

beside
after
before

 the river

on
in
under

 a sunny day. She was shocked to see a man walking

in front
through
beneath

 of her suddenly dive

on
into
down

 the water.

The man swam

under
down
near

 the river while her dog tried to

jump

in
on
out of

 after him.

Prepositions

Write a sentence using **during** as a **preposition**. Do not change the word. Remember to punctuate your sentence correctly.

Determiners

Circle the **determiners** in the following sentence.

Hamza lives in a new house in Grantham with his chinchilla and two dogs.

Which sentence includes a **demonstrative determiner**?

Tick **one**.

That's a really great idea. ☐

Look at that huge dog over there. ☐

Mitchell is doing stunts on his new scooter. ☐

Which bag belongs to you? ☐

Determiners

Circle the correct **determiner** in each box below to complete the passage.

We own	<div>a an the</div>	large caravan;	<div>an some what</div>	people think it is too
big but when	<div>each one five</div>	people are inside, it is perfect.		
<div>Some The Their</div>	seats fold down to make		<div>whose four every</div>	beds.

Underline all the **determiners** in the sentence below.

Keren put two bowls of food and one dish of water down for the cats.

Determiners

Insert **articles** into the spaces below.

I visited _____ candy shop to buy _____ bar of chocolate and _____ aniseed lolly; I got 20c change from _____ one dollar coin I paid with.

Match the **determiners** to the correct sentences. Use each word once.

each

many

one

_____ person had a ticket.

The room was full; _____ people had come to watch the play.

I only have _____ lolly left.

Sentences – subject, object and voice.

Underline the **subject** in the following sentences.

The excited girls rehearsed for the singing contest.

He photographed the beautiful flowers.

Shania painted a detailed watercolour of the view.

Which sentences are written in the **active voice**?

Tick **all** that apply.

I read a very long book last month. ☐

We were visited by my cousins last week. ☐

We performed a play for our parents. ☐

Wesley enjoys reading comics. ☐

Re-write the following sentence in the **active voice**.

The paintbrushes were cleaned by Mitchel and Zania.

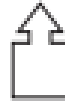
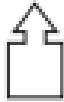
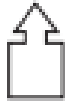
Sentences – subject, object and voice.

Underline the **object** in the following sentence.

Every day, Rishi plays the trombone.

Label the subject (S) and object (O) of this sentence.

Angrily, Lyra slammed the door.



Circle the subject and underline the object in the following sentence.

Children under 15 are not allowed to watch this film.

Sentences – subject, object and voice.

Re-write the following sentence in the **passive voice**.

The cheerful bus driver whistled a tune.

Which sentence is written in the **passive voice**?

Tick **one**.

Dad always empties the dishwasher. ☐

The cakes were stolen by my cheeky puppy. ☐

Jemima enjoys playing football with friends. ☐

The clap of thunder shook the old house. ☐